GREAT LAKES WATER LEVELS

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Detroit District, Corps of Engineers 21 April 2020









HIGH WATER PHOTOS FROM ACROSS THE GL





Canal Park Near Duluth, MN (NWS)



South Haven, MI (NWS)



Stony Point, MI Lake Erie (Port of Monroe)



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Oswego, NY
(Bill Foley)
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The high water levels are a Great Lakes wide event.



NOTES ABOUT GREAT LAKES WATER LEVELS



- Not a depth, but an elevation above sea level, IGLD 1985
- Michigan and Huron = One lake
- Lake-wide daily means \rightarrow Lake-wide monthly means
- Based on still water, not influenced by meteorological forcing
- Based on a network of water level gauges
- Detroit District Corps of Engineers = keeper of official monthly water level statistics from 1918-2019
- Coordination occurs with Environment and Climate Change Canada
- Primary drivers of water level fluctuations are changing weather patterns and resulting fluctuations in water supply

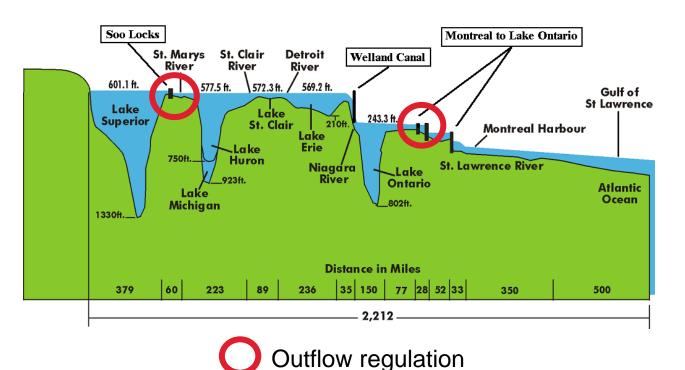


MONITORING GREAT LAKES WATER LEVELS



The Great Lakes Basin

- 14,000 miles of shoreline
- 95,000 square miles of water
- 200,000 square miles of land
- 8 States & 2 Provinces







MONITORING GREAT LAKES WATER LEVELS





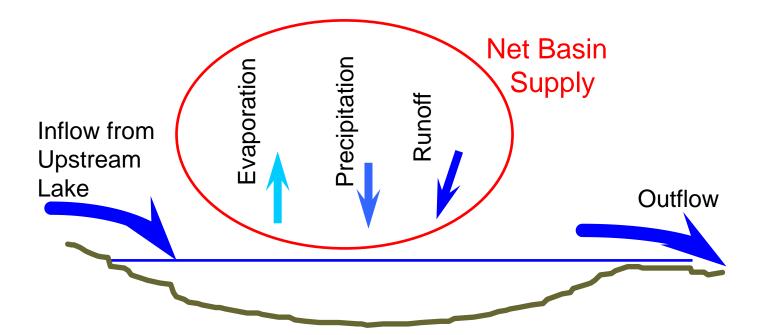
Daily Average Water Levels Based on Lake-Wide Average Network

- Lake Superior: Duluth, Marquette, Pt. Iroquois, Thunder Bay, Michipicoten
- Lakes Michigan-Huron: Harbor Beach, Ludington, Mackinaw City, Milwaukee, Tobermory, Thessalon
- Lake St. Clair: St. Clair Shores, Belle River
- Lake Erie: Toledo, Cleveland, Port Stanley, Port Colborne
- Lake Ontario: Oswego, Rochester, Toronto, Kingston, Port Weller, Cobourg



FACTORS IMPACTING WATER LEVELS

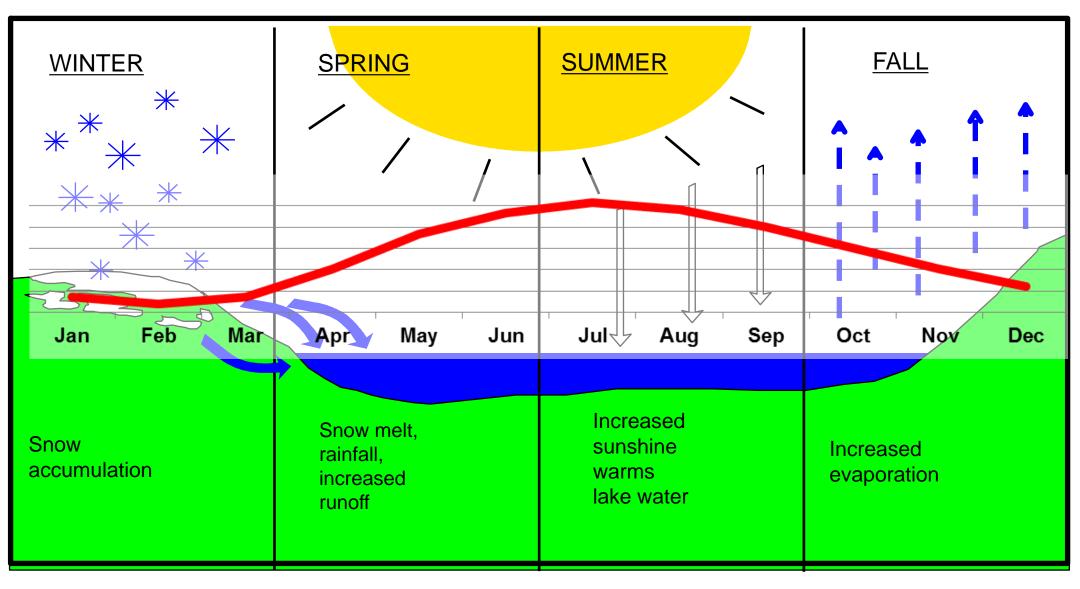


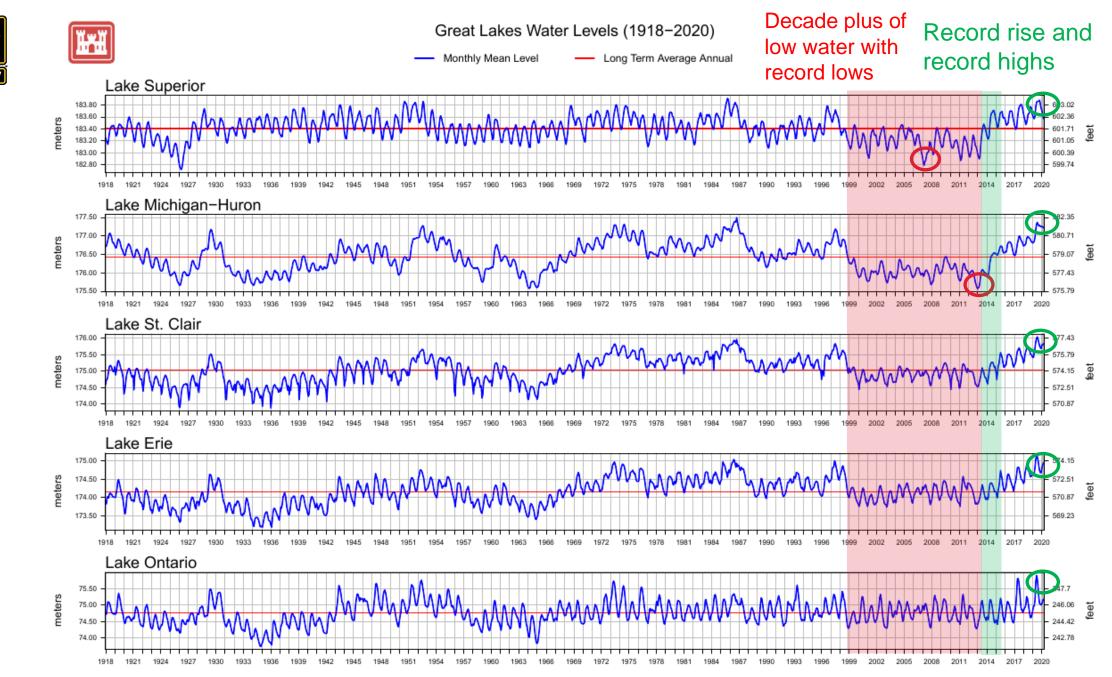




ANNUAL WATER LEVELS AND THE HYDROLOGIC CYCLE







The monthly average levels are based on a network of water level gages located around the lakes. Elevations are referenced to the International Great Lakes Datum (1985).

U.S.ARM

Water levels have been coordinated through 2019. Values highlighted in gray are provisional.

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GREAT LAKES WATER LEVELS

New Record Highs in 2019

- May: Superior, St. Clair, Erie
- June: Superior, St. Clair, Erie* and Ontario*
- July: Superior, St. Clair*, Erie and Ontario
- Aug: Superior (tied), St. Clair and Erie
- Sep: Superior (tied), St. Clair and Erie
- Oct: None (within 1 inch on Superior)
- Nov: None
- Dec: None (within 1 inch on Michigan-Huron)

New Record Highs in 2020

- Jan: Superior, Michigan-Huron, St. Clair (tied)
- Feb: Superior, Michigan-Huron, Erie
- Mar: Michigan-Huron, St. Clair, Erie

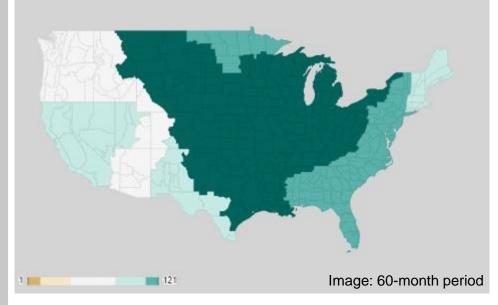
*highest monthly mean on record for all months





WHY ARE LEVELS SO HIGH? – WET PATTERN





Wettest 12 – 60 month periods in 120 plus years for the Great Lakes

NOAA National Centers for Environmental information, Climate at a Glance

PERIOD	VALUE	1901-2000 MEAN	ANOMALY	RANK (1895-2020)	WETTEST/DRIEST SINCE	RECORD
Apr 2019–Mar 2020 12-Month		9.86" (250 44mm)	125th Driest	Driest since: 2019	1931	
		(230.441111)	1st Wettest	Wettest to Date	2020	
Oct 2018–Mar 2020 18-Month	59.98" (1,523.49mm)	46.23" 13.75' (1,174.24mm) (349.25mm	13.75" (349 25mm)	124th Driest	Driest since: 2019	1964
To-Wonth	(1,525.451111)		(34 <i>3.</i> 23mm)	1st Wettest	Wettest to Date	2020
Apr 2018–Mar 2020 24-Month	81.88" (2,079.75mm)	65.50" (1,663.70mm)		124th Driest	Driest since: 2019	1964
24-1001101	(2,079.7511111)	(1,865.701111)		1st Wettest	Wettest to Date	2020
Apr 2017–Mar 2020 36-Month	121.48" (3,085.59mm)	98.27" (2,496.06mm)	23.21" (589.53mm)	123rd Driest	Driest since: 2019	1965
	(2,490.001111)	(389.331111)	1st Wettest	Wettest to Date	2020	
Apr 2016–Mar 2020 48-Month	158.07" (4.014.98mm)	131.04" (3.328.42mm)	27.03" (686.56mm)	122nd Driest	Driest since: 2019	1937
48-Month (4,014.98mm) (3,328.42mm) (686.56mr	(000.501111)	1st Wettest	Wettest to Date	2020		
Apr 2015–Mar 2020 60-Month	196.27" (4.985.26mm)	163.78" (4.160.01mm)	32.49" (825.25mm)	121st Driest	Driest since: 2019	1935
60-Month (4,985.26m	(4,985.26mm)	(4,160.01mm)	(825.25mm)	1st Wettest	Wettest to Date	2020

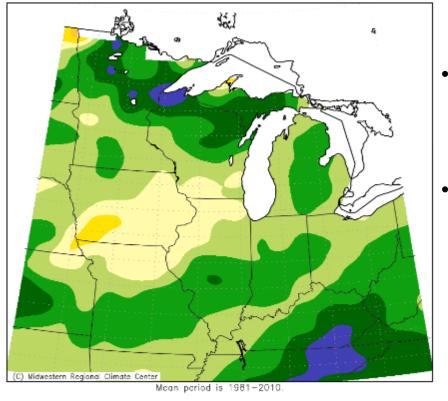


WINTER PRECIPITATION CONDITIONS



Winter Precipitation Above Average

Accumulated Precipitation: Percent of Mean December 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020



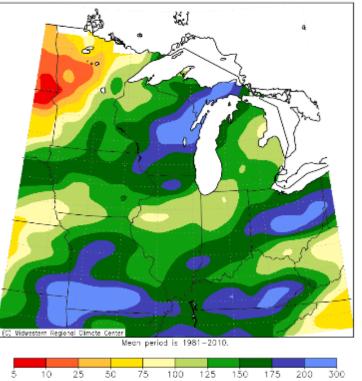


Midwestern Regional Climate Center Illinois State Water Survey, Prairie Research Institute University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

- December and January were generally wetter than average
- February precipitation was well below average

March Precipitation Above Average

Accumulated Precipitation: Percent of Mean March 1, 2020 to March 31, 2020



Midwestern Regional Climate Center Illinois State Water Survey, Proirie Research Institute University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

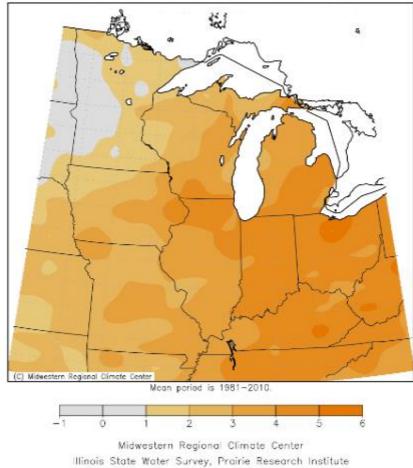


WINTER TEMPERATURE CONDITIONS



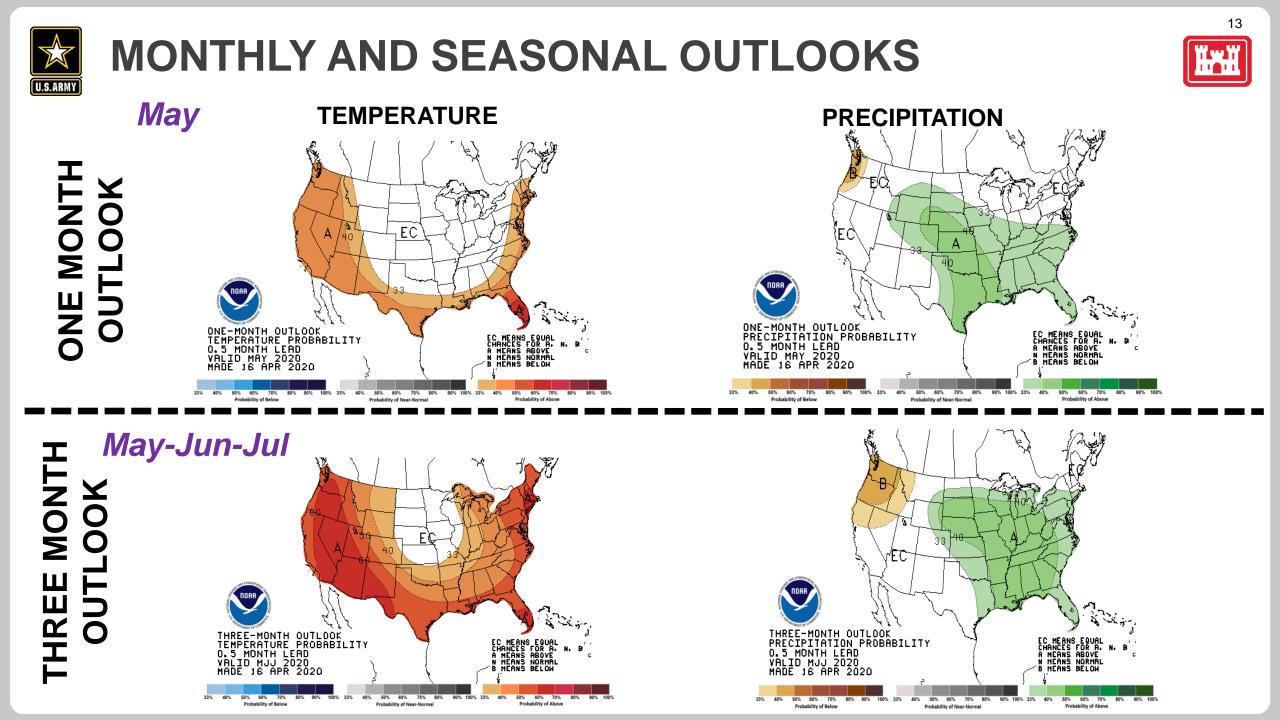
Winter Temperature Above Average

Average Temperature (°F): Departure from Mean December 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020



University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

- Warmer than average temperatures in December and January reduced the amount of evaporation off of the lakes.
- Although February was also warmer than average over the entire month, a few cold air outbreaks during the month led to increased evaporation.
- March also had above average temperatures throughout the month.





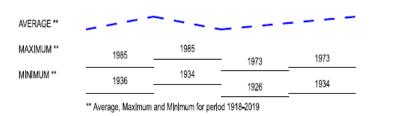
LAKE SUPERIOR WATER LEVELS - APRIL 2020



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2018 2019 2020 APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP Ft, 1985 1985 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 1985 1985 2019 +2 +0.6 +0.30 0 CHART DATUM 601.1 FEET (183.2 METERS) 1925 1025 1926 1926 LAKE SUPERIOR 1026 1006 -0.3 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926





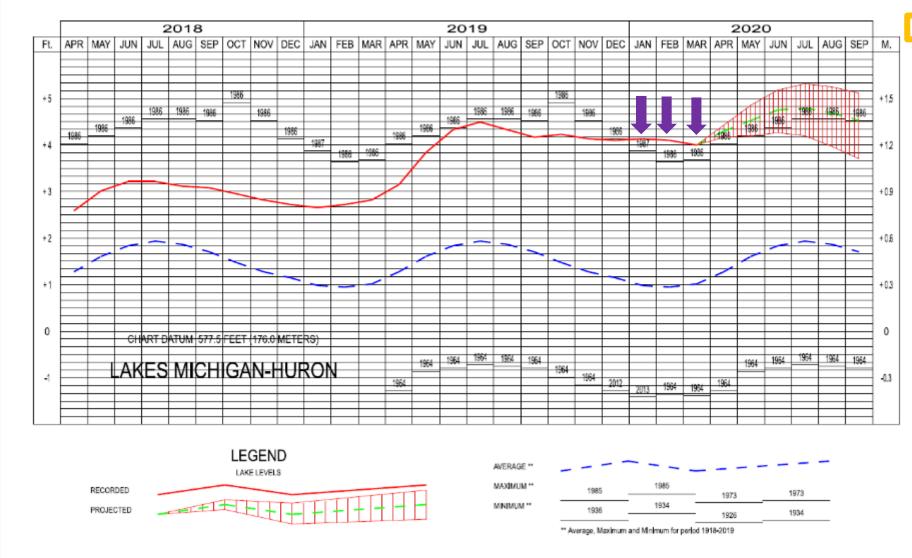
- 2019 Records
- 2020 Provisional Record

Projected Levels (dashed green line):

- Forecast to begin seasonal rise in April.
- March 2020 level was the same level as it was in March 2019.
- Forecast to peak in August at the record high level set in August 2019.



LAKES MICHIGAN-HURON WATER LEVELS - APRIL 2020



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- 2019 Records
- 2020 Provisional Record

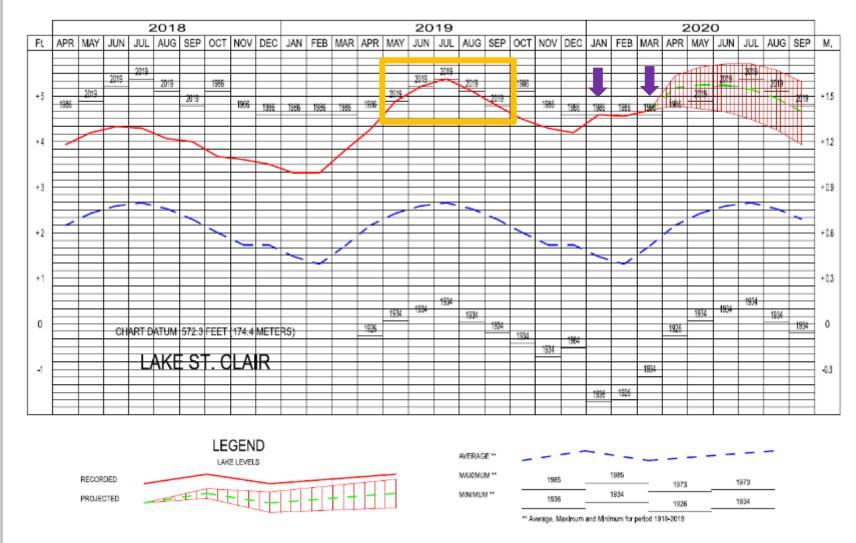
Projected Levels (dashed green line):

- Forecast to begin seasonal rise in April.
- March level was 14 inches above March 2019 level.
 - Forecast to be 2 to 5 inches above record high monthly levels through August and match the record high in Sept.





LAKE ST. CLAIR WATER LEVELS - APRIL 2020



• 2019 Records

• 2020 Provisional Record

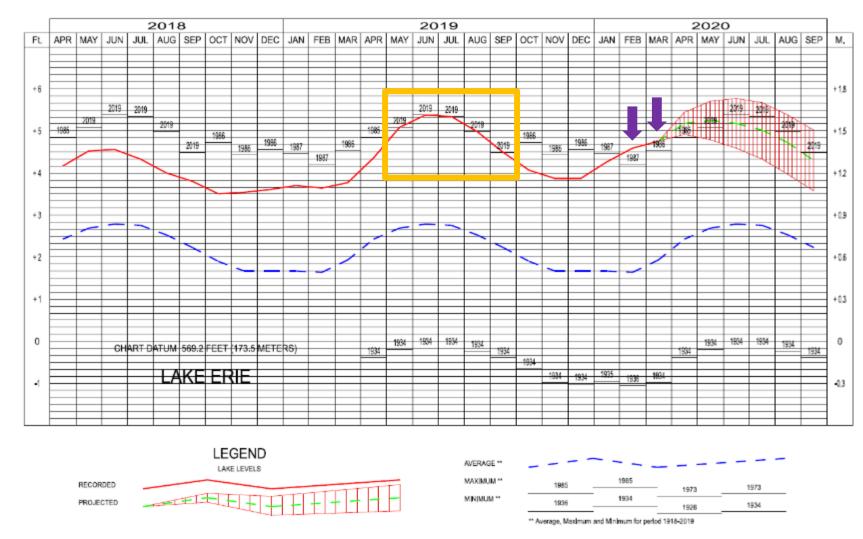
Projected Levels (dashed green line):

- In period of seasonal rise
- March level was 11 inches above March 2019 level.
- Forecast to be 4 to 6 inches above record high monthly levels in April and May, less than an inch above the record high June level, and 2 to 3 inches below record high levels July through September.





LAKE ERIE WATER LEVELS - APRIL 2020





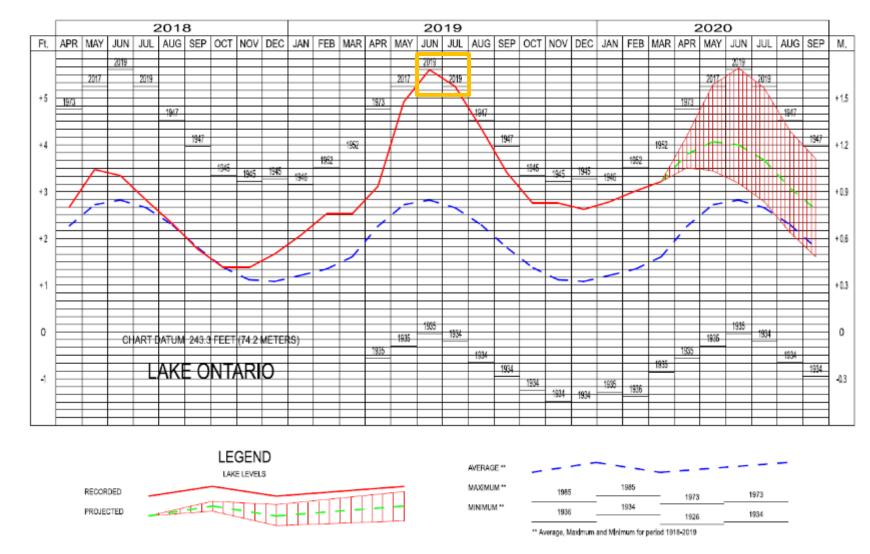
• 2020 Provisional Record

Projected Levels (dashed green line):

- In period of seasonal rise
- March level was 12 inches above March 2019 level.
- Forecast to be 2 to 4 inches above record high levels in April and May, then 2 to 4 inches below record high levels June through Sept.



LAKE ONTARIO WATER LEVELS - APRIL 2020





• 2020 Provisional Record

Projected Levels (dashed green line):

- In period of seasonal rise
- March level was 8 inches above March 2019 level.
- Forecast to be 9 to 19 inches above long-term average levels over next 6 months.





- Water levels on all the Great Lakes started 2020 higher than 2019.
- Lakes St. Clair, Erie, and Ontario are forecast to peak below 2019 levels. Lakes Superior and Michigan-Huron are forecast match or exceed peak levels of last year.
- Water level fluctuations are primarily driven by weather patterns
- Regulation of outflows (St. Marys and St. Lawrence) cannot prevent extreme high or low water levels nor fully control water levels
- Impacts of high water to be felt across the basin well into 2020...this will be a long duration event.



WATER LEVEL RESOURCES



GREAT LAKES WATER LEVEL RESOURCES AND CONTACT INFORMATION

Websites

	websiles			
	USACE Detroit District	Link at the top of the page provides USACE resources related to high water levels	https://www.lre.usace.army.mil	
-	Water level forecasts	Monthly Bulletin of Great Lakes Water Levels (6-month forecast)	<u>https://www.lre.usace.army.mil/Missions/Great-</u> Lakes-Information/Great-Lakes-Water-	
		Weekly Great Lakes Water Levels (update on current conditions and forecast for next month)	Levels/Water-Level-Forecast/	
		Great Lakes Water Level Outlook (Scenario-based 12-month outlook)		
		Connecting Channels Forecast (channel depths for next month)		
	Water level observations	Current Conditions (preliminary daily lake-wide average levels and connecting channel water levels)	https://www.lre.usace.army.mil/Missions/Great- Lakes-Information/Water-Level-Data/	
<u>U</u>		Historical Data (long term average, maximum, and minimum Great Lakes water levels)		
	Basin Conditions and Other Great Lakes Information	Water Level Summaries (lake-by-lake summaries of recent conditions)	<u>https://www.lre.usace.army.mil/Missions/Great-</u> Lakes-Information/Basin-Conditions/	
		Great Lakes Update Articles (periodic publications on various Great Lakes topics)		
744	Living on the Coast	Brochure on coastal impacts	https://www.lre.usace.army.mil/Portals/69/docs/Gr eatLakesInfo/docs/CoastalProgram/Living%20on %20the%20Coast%20Booklet.pdf?ver=2016-06- 06-105107-683	
1	Contact Information			
	Water level forecasts	 John Allis, Chief Office of Great Lakes Hydraulics and Hydrology (313-226-2137) Deanna Apps (313-226-2979) 		



US Army Corps of Engineers.



HTTPS://WWW.LRE.USACE.ARMY.MIL/ABOUT/GREAT-LAKES-HIGH-WATER/



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Great Lakes High Water

Multiple record high levels were set on the Great Lakes in 2019 resulting in increased risks from erosion and coastal flooding. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Detroit District, is committed to ensuring public safety while providing technical expertise and assistance during this time of high water around the Great Lakes.

During response operations, our Emergency Management Office conducts emergency operations to save lives and protect improved properties. In the event of natural disasters such as flooding, emergency permit procedures can be activated to expedite permits to reduce further damage, and protect life and property. The Corps of Engineers has authority to provide technical and planning assistance for flood plain management planning. The Great Lake Hydraulics and Hydrology Office forecasts and monitors water levels of the Great Lakes and the conditions that lead to water level fluctuations





Frequently Asked Questions

What type of shoreline project requires a permit?

Helpful Links

Apply for a Permit

Check Permit Application Status

USACE, Detroit District, Role in Emergency Management

International Lake Superior Board of Control

Environment and Climate Change Canada

Michigan Sea Grant

NOAA - Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory

Living on the Coast Booklet

Sandbagging Instructional Video

requently Asked Questions	
Click Question to expand Answer	+ CONTAGETUS
Why are water levels on the Great Lakes so high? How to last?	
Does the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers have control ove levels?	er Great Lakes water Emergency Management Office
My shoreline is eroding, can the U.S. Army Corps of Eng	ineers help? Hydraulics and Hydrology Office
My property is flooding, can the U.S. Army Corps of Engi	neers help? Outreach Office

Regulatory Office

Public Affairs Office

Water Level Contacts

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